

AmpliTest Digestive System Parasites IV (Real Time PCR)

Diagnostic kit for detection of DNA sequences specific for *Dientamoeba fragilis* and *Blastocystis sp.* subtype 3 using the **Real Time PCR** technique

Cat. No. Quantity

BAC46-100 100 assays

The diagnostic kit is intended for professional use in specialised clinical, diagnostic and research laboratories. We strongly recommend that you read the user manual attached to the diagnostic kit before first use.

TRANSPORT

The AmpliTest Digestive System Parasites IV (Real Time PCR) kit is transported in dry ice. Immediately unpack the kit after delivery. Immediately inform the manufacturer if the tape securing the transport box or the seal of the commercial packaging are damaged or there is no dry ice left in the styrofoam transport box.

KIT CONTENTS

Component	Description	BAC46-100 100 assays	Tube lid colour	
RM	Reaction Mixture	2× 550 μL	Green	
PC	Positive Control	1 × 300 μL	Red	
NC	Negative Control	1 × 300 μL	Blue	
IC	Internal Control	2 × 750 μL	Transparent	
WATER	Water	1 × 1500 μL	White	

STORAGE AND TRANSPORTATION CONDITIONS

- The kit components should be stored at -20°C.
- AVOID THE EXPOSURE OF THE RM COMPONENT TO LIGHT.
- Avoid repeated freezing/thawing cycles of the kit components (especially the RM component).
 The kit is stable after 10 repeated freezing/thawing cycles.
- The kit is stable under recommended storage conditions until the expiry date stated on the label.
- Do not use kit components after the expiry date.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Application

The AmpliTest Digestive System Parasites IV (Real Time PCR) kit is designed to detect DNA sequences specific for the protozoa Dientamoeba fragilis and Blastocystis sp. subtype 3 which are parasites of the human digestive system. The presence of the pathogen-specific sequences is assayed in DNA samples extracted from feces samples. The diagnostic kit is intended for *in vitro* diagnostics. The kit is a qualitative type: it is used to confirm or exclude the presence of the pathogenic DNA in the DNA preparations.

Method principle

The AmpliTest Digestive System Parasites IV (Real Time PCR) kit contains primers enabling amplification of the genome fragments of the pathogens. Accumulating amplicons (the amplified fragments of the pathogen-specific DNA) are detected owing to specific TaqMan® probes which are hydrolysed during DNA synthesis. Cy5®, Texas Red® fluorescent dyes released from the probes after their hydrolysis are detected by the optical system of the Real Time PCR device. Carefully designed, the probes and primers ensure high specificity of the reaction.

To increase the reliability of the results, the **AmpliTest Digestive System Parasites IV** (**Real Time PCR**) kit contains an internal control system that can be used to monitor the proper nucleic acid extraction and Real Time PCR reaction. In addition to the probes and primers for detection of the pathogen-specific sequences, the **RM** component contains the probe and primers for amplifying and detecting the internal control. Internal control detection occurs due to the release of the HEX fluorescent dye from the probe. A

positive result for internal control amplification confirms the proper nucleic acid extraction and Real Time PCR reaction.

ADDITIONAL INSTRUMENTS AND MATERIALS

The AmpliTest Digestive System Parasites IV (Real Time PCR) allows a complete diagnostic procedure (detecting the presence of Dientamoeba fragilis and Blastocystis sp. subtype 3 in the samples) only in conjunction with the kit for DNA extraction from the sample and the Real Time PCR device.

NOTE 1: The **AmpliTest** *Digestive System Parasites IV* (Real Time PCR) kit is compatible with Real Time PCR devices having the detection of HEX, , Cy5® and Texas Red® fluorescent dyes;

A full list of compatible Real Time PCR devices can be found on the manufacturer's website.

NOTE 2: The **AmpliTest Digestive System Parasites IV** (**Real Time PCR**) kit does not contain the ROX reference dye. The addition of the ROX dye to the reaction mixture is not possible. The detection channel corresponding to ROX is reserved for the Texas Red® dye released from the probe that detects sequences specific for Dientamoeba fragilis.

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

Quality control	Complies with ISO 13485: Medical devices - Quality management systems	
Optimal DNA amount added to the reaction	To 400 ng	
Limit of Detection (LOD95)	For <i>Dientamoeba fragilis</i> 4,11 DNA genomes/ reaction	
	For Blastocystis hominis subtype 3 less than 3 DNA genomes / reaction	

DNA EXTRACTION

For DNA extraction and purifiction the silica-based DNA extraction kits are recommended. These kits ensure good-quality of DNA samples. DNA samples should be stored at 2–8°C (short storage period), at -20°C or at a lower temperature (long storage period). The amount of the material required depends on DNA extraction method.

The internal control system included in the kit can be used to control the DNA extraction process. For this, the **IC** component should be added to the sample at the initial stage of DNA extraction. The volume of the **IC** component depends on the volume of the elution buffer used for DNA extraction. Add $5 \, \mu L$ of the **IC** component for every $50 \, \mu L$ of the elution buffer.

NOTE 3: Samples should be collected in sterile tubes. Prior to DNA extraction, samples must be stored for a period and under conditions that guarantee the stability of the genetic material of the pathogens.

NOTE 4: Other DNA extraction methods can cause contamination of DNA preparations with compounds that significantly reduce the efficiency of the PCR reaction. This results in lower sensitivity of the assay and, in extreme situations, in complete inhibition of DNA amplification.

REAL TIME PCR REACTION

- 1. Determine the number of DNA preparations to be analysed (n).
- 2. Thaw the kit components. After thawing, mix the tubes thoroughly and briefly spin them.

Store thawed components at 2-8°C or in ice.

AVOID THE EXPOSURE OF THE RM COMPONENT TO LIGHT.

3. Determine the amount of DNA preparation added to the reaction ($\mathbf{x} \mu \mathbf{L}$).

NOTE 5: Optimal amount of DNA added to the reaction should not exceed 400 ng. Large amounts of DNA added to the PCR reaction may inhibit DNA polymerase activity and may reduce assay sensitivity.

OPTION I: The internal control was added to the sample during the DNA extraction process.

NOTE 6: Proceed according to Option I, if the internal control system is used to control the proper course of nucleic acid extraction and the Real Time PCR reaction.

- 4.1 Mix carefully $(\mathbf{n} + 3) \times 11 \,\mu\text{L}$ of the **RM** component and $(\mathbf{n} + 3) \times (9 \mathbf{x}) \,\mu\text{L}$ of water.
- 4.2 Add $(20 x) \mu L$ of the mixture to n + 2 reaction tubes.
- 4.3 Add $\mathbf{x} \mu L$ of the DNA preparations to \mathbf{n} reaction tubes. Add $\mathbf{x} \mu L$ of the \mathbf{NC} component (negative control) to one of the two remaining reaction tubes and $\mathbf{x} \mu L$ of the \mathbf{PC} component (positive control) to the other one. Then go to Step 5.

OPTION II: The internal control was not added to the sample during the DNA extraction process.

NOTE 7: Proceed according to Option II, if the internal control system is used only to monitor the proper course of the Real Time PCR reaction.

- 4.1 Mix carefully $(\mathbf{n} + 3) \times 11 \,\mu\text{L}$ of the **RM** component and $(\mathbf{n} + 3) \times (8.5 \mathbf{x}) \,\mu\text{L}$ of water.
- 4.2 Add $(19.5 \mathbf{x}) \mu L$ of the mixture to $\mathbf{n} + 2$ reaction tubes.
- 4.3 Add x µL of the DNA preparations and 0.5 µL of the IC component (internal control) to n reaction tubes.
- 4.4 Add (\mathbf{x} + 0.5) μ L of the NC component (negative control) to one of the two remaining reaction tubes and
 - $(x + 0.5) \mu L$ of the PC component (positive control) to the other one. Then go to Step 5.
- 5. Close the reaction tubes and centrifuge them shortly.
- 6. Place the reaction tubes into the reaction device and run the amplification program according to the following amplification profile.

Step	Temperature	Time	Data Collection	Cycles
Initial denaturation	95°C	5 min		1
Denaturation	95°C	10 s]
Amplification	58°C	25 s	Cy5®, Texas Red® and HEX	- 45
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NOTE 8: The Cy5® channel is used to detect the sequences specific for *Blastocystis sp. subtype 3* protozoan and the Texas Red® channel for detecting sequences specific for *Dientamoeba fragilis* protozoan. The HEX channel is used to detect the internal control

NOTE 9: We recommended that you prepare the Real Time PCR reaction in the laminar chamber to reduce the risk of reaction mixture contamination.

ANALYSIS EVALUATION

The table below shows the correct Real Time PCR result:

	Type of Sample	Cy5®	Texas Red®	HEX	Result
	Positive Control	+	+	-	Valid
	Negative Control	-	-	+	Valid
	Assay 1	-	-	+/-	Negative
Sample Results	Assay 2	+	-	+/-	Positive (the presence of the <i>Blastocystis sp.</i> subtype 3 protozoan)
	Assay 3	-	+	+/-	Positive (the presence of the Dientamoeba fragilis protozoan)
	Assay 4	+	+	+/-	Positive (the presence of <i>Blastocystis</i> sp. subtype 3 and <i>Dientamoeba fragilis</i> protozoa)

⁺ means the PCR product amplification recorded as a fluorescence increase with Cq value ≤ 40

The **positive** result confirms the presence of the sequences specific for the pathogen in the sample. The **negative** result means the absence, or presence below the detection limit, of the sequences specific for the pathogen in the sample.

ADDITIONAL REMARKS

- The TaqMan[®] probes have dark quenchers that do not generate additional fluorescent signals. For devices which require it (e.g. RotorGene 6000), select the **None** option as the quencher type.
- The Real Time PCR device should be calibrated (color compensation should be carried out) for fluorescent dyes.
- The total volume of the reaction mixture is 20 µL. Change of this volume may have a significant impact on some test parameters, including the detection limit.

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

- Take special care during DNA extraction. All samples should be treated as potentially infectious material.
- DNA extraction and detection of the gastrointestinal parasites should be done by properly trained personnel in a professional laboratory which is allowed to work with otentially infectious material.
 Special attention should be paid to prevent cross-contamination of the DNA preparations during DNA extraction.
- To minimise the false results, adhere to the following rules:
 - If possible, designate the separate stands for DNA extraction as well as preparation and performance of the Real Time PCR reaction;
 - Change protective clothing and gloves between the stages of DNA extraction and preparation of the Real Time PCR reaction;
 - Bench surfaces should be washed with DNA removing/destructive agents;
 - Use only sterile filter tips for automatic pipettes;

⁻ means no PCR product amplification and no fluorescence increase or the PCR product amplification recorded as a fluorescence increase with Cq value > 40

- The PC component should be added to the reaction mixture as the last one. Before adding it, if possible, close the tubes with the DNA preparations and the NC component;
- Do not eat, drink or smoke while using the kit;
- · Wash your hands immediately after work with the kit;
- After contact of the skin or eyes with the kit components, gently wash them with water;
- It is recommended that you dispose of the kit after its expiry date or of any unused kit components as a laboratory waste.

TROUBLESHOOTING

Real Time PCR reaction

Problem	Cy5	Texas Red	HEX	Possible cause	Suggestions
Incorrect fluorescence reading for positive control	-	-	+	The NC component instead of the PC component was added to the reaction tube.	Repeat the Real Time PCR reaction for the positive control.
	-	-	-	No PC component added or the RM component is of poor quality.	Repeat the Real Time PCR reaction for the positive control. If you receive an incorrect result again, assume the poor quality of the RM component (improper storage, improper transport conditions or exceeding the expiry date).
Incorrect fluorescence reading for negative control	+	+	+	Contamination of the RM or NC component.	Repeat the Real Time PCR reaction for the negative control. If you receive an incorrect result again, assume the contamination of the RM or NC component.
	+	+	-	The PC component instead of the NC component was added to the reaction tube.	Repeat the Real Time PCR reaction for the negative control.
	-	-	-	No NC component added or the RM component is of poor quality.	Repeat the Real Time PCR reaction for the negative control. If you receive an incorrect result again, assume the poor quality of the RM component.
				No internal control IC was added at one of the assay steps.	Determine if internal control IC was added at the intended stage of the assay. Repeat the Real Time PCR reaction with internal control added to the reaction mixture.
Incorrect fluorescence reading for the tested sample	-	-	-	Low DNA extraction yield and/or Real Time PCR inhibitors present. Too high DNA concentration. Poor quality of the RM component.	Measure the concentration of the DNA preparation and, if necessary, repeat the reaction with less DNA added to the reaction. In the absence of amplification in the HEX channel for DNA preparations assayed and for the negative control, assume the poor quality of the RM component. In the case of amplification in the HEX channel for negative control and no amplification in the HEX channel for DNA preparations tested, assume contamination of the DNA preparation with PCR inhibitors or low efficiency of nucleic acid extraction.

Nucleic acid extraction

Problem	Possible cause	Suggestions
Significantly higher Cq values obtained in the HEX channel for the samples assayed in comparison with the Cq value obtained for the negative control (Δ Cq> 2)	Low efficiency of DNA extraction from the sample assayed.	To determine the reasons for the low efficiency of DNA extraction, please contact the manufacturer of the nucleic acid extraction kit.

CUSTOMER SERVICE

- Any problems or irregularities that arise during the use of the diagnostic kit can be reported by phone or email.
- Orders for the AmpliTest (Real Time PCR) kit can be sent by email.

CONTACT

Support and customer care

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